ACET Junior Academies' Scheme of Work for geography What can we do to protect the future?

## About this unit:

This unit covers potential solutions to many of the problems explored in the previous unit and other pressing global concerns. The lessons make use of resources from various conservation and activist organisations and the activities are focussed squarely on the students 'planning' and 'doing' to help solidify the idea of direct action as a solution to global problems.

Climate change is the framing device for the entire unit as each of the issues is exacerbated, or linked to global warming. Each lesson explores a different way for students to fight climate change, which should aid in students understanding that no geographical issue can be studied in a vacuum, and that they must develop linked thinking leading into KS3.

## Unit structure

This unit is structured around the following geographical enquiries:

How can we protect coral reefs?

How can we reduce plastic in the ocean?

What can I do to prevent water shortages?

How can we protect the world's forests?

How are people adapting to climate change?

The big debate?

What future do we want?

## National Curriculum unit:

Describe and understand key aspects of:

- physical geography, including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle
- human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water
- use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied

	Enquiry 1: How car	we protect coral reefs?		
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Geographical skills:	Assessment criteria:	Curriculum Links:
Coral Reefs ecology	Substantive knowledge: (What the children should know.) Why are Coral Reefs important to conserve? What methods are there to protect reefs? Which methods are effective?	Locational Knowledge Place Knowledge:	Can your children: Explain how they might help the cause of coral reef conservation Explain how larger scale efforts to protect reefs work.	Horizontal: Vertical:
understand the sco https://www.ourpla Students can begin them about the div This initial poetry a reefs. Arrange students to from the brainstorr students will work i formulas on the fol recopy the poems of	hit with a video or other framing device that students ope of the topic: <u>anet.com/en/video/how-to-save-our-planet/</u> with a series of images, videos and other material to remind versity and beauty of Coral Reefs. ctivity may be used to reactive previous learning about coral o work individually, in pairs, or in small groups. 4. Using words ming session as well as additional words of their own choice, individually or in groups to compose short poems. (See poem lowing page.) Once the poems are complete, students should onto construction paper. 5. Each person in the group now adds a struction paper to illustrate the poem. 6. Each poem is now	Resources: <u>https://sanctuaries.noaa.gov/vr/florida-keys/coral-restoration/</u>	/coral-reefs/reef-restorat	

## POEM FORMULAS:

Haiku First line of 5 syllables Second line of 7 syllables Third line of 5 syllables

Cinquain First line -1 word title Second line - description of title in 2 words Third line -3 words that describe an action related to the title Fourth line -4 words that describe a feeling related to the title Fifth line -1 word that is a synonym of line 1 (means the same as the word in line 1).

Diamante This is a poem formed in the shape of a diamond. noun adjective adjective participle participle noun noun noun noun participle participle participle adjective adjective noun (Beginning and ending nouns are opposites; the four nouns in the middle are related to the beginning and ending nouns.)

Students should be reminded of how reefs are damaged and introduced to three methods of protecting them.

- 1) Reef Restoration
- 2) Sustainable Tourism and Fishing
- 3) Fighting Climate Change

Reef restoration is explained in this 3d video: <u>https://sanctuaries.noaa.gov/vr/florida-keys/coral-restoration/</u> <u>https://reefrestorationfoundation.org/pages/how-we-do-it</u>

Sustainable tourism – Students revisit their understanding of sustainability from previous units. Explain that countries, and local people rely on the fishing, and tourism that Reefs provide. Task students with creating a "sustainability pledge", a list of rules and regulations that tourists and fishing boats/divers must sign to have legal access to the Reef.

Students are introduced to the importance of reducing emissions of Greenhouse gasses, particularly CO2 which drive ocean acidification as well as temperature rise. Student could perform a site audit of the school to determine where bike storage could be added and then design a petition to the school to provide more space for bike storage, to initiate a programme to reduce CO2 by encouraging cycling to school. Students could undertake a travel survey of how other students arrive to school as part of this (example in folder).

	Enquiry 2: How can we	reduce plastic in the ocean?		
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Geographical skills:	Assessment criteria:	Curriculum Links:
	Substantive knowledge: (What the children should know.)		Can your children:	Horizontal:
Plastic Pollution	What methods are there to preventing plastic pollution of the ocean?	Locational Knowledge Place Knowledge:	Explain that there are multiple solutions to plastic pollution in the ocean	Vertical:
	Can we remove what is already there?			
	Can I personally make a difference?		Explain their part in causing plastic pollution as consumers	
			Design appropriate sustainable and biodegradable packaging as a creative solution to	
Suggested activitie	s:	Resources:	Useful links:	
and prompt them t food chains.	f the extent of micro and macro plastic pollution in the oceans, o recall and explain how plastic affects ocean ecosystems and	collection of packaged products such as pump toothpaste container, lipstick, toy (unopened), laundry soap,		m/watch?v=XWxtlqHjxvo m/watch?v=TLQN2Y4v1bl
Explain that there a of the oceans.	are several methods that can be used of reduce plastic pollution	<ul><li>disposable pens, and cereal box</li><li>Trash collected from student</li></ul>	Vocabulary:	
1) Massive re	duction of plastic packaging and disposable plastics.	lunches or around the school to		

2) Combing the ocean to remove existing waste.	display what kind of trash ends	Disposable
3) Intercepting plastic in rivers before it reaches the ocean	up outside, as litter (or, if your	Biodegradable
	group has done a beach or	Pollution
	shoreline cleanup recently, trash	Interception
Introduce the company "The Ocean Clean Up" and use these videos to explain	from the cleanup to show what	Recyclable
what is being done at an industrial scale:	ends up on our shores)	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bm1rH70wfJo – River intercept	<ul> <li>Materials for design and</li> </ul>	
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=O1EAeNdTFHU – ocean cleanup	construction of improved	
	prototype packages (non toxic	
Explain that no mater how impressive these solutions are they do not fix the	markers, cardboard, newspaper,	
original problem, which is out overuse of plastic in packaging and disposable items.	crayons, construction paper,	
	white glue or paste, tape and/or	
Students are then tasked to design a product packaging that uses less/no plastic.	staplers, and paperboard, like old	
Details included in resources folder.	cereal boxes)	
	<ul> <li>One copy per group of the</li> </ul>	
Introduce students to the three "Rs" of sustainability. Explain how this will help	"packaging" handout	
fight plastic pollution, but also global warming. Ask students to pledge to make a		
change to their habits, e.g. keep a recycling diary, take charge of recycling at home		
and make a record of it to share with the class. Ask students what they use in daily		
life that is disposable (e.g. water bottles) that can be replaced with something		
permanent, or fully recyclable.		

	Enquiry 3: What c	an I do to save water?		
Links to previous	Knowledge and second order concepts	Geographical skills:	Assessment criteria:	Curriculum Links:
learning				
	Substantive knowledge:		Can your children:	Horizontal:
	(What the children should know.)			
Water Cycle Water Security	Am I at threat of a water shortage?	Locational Knowledge	Explain that although their area may not be at threat of water	Vertical:
	What is being done to combat water scarcity worldwide?	Place Knowledge:	shortages, the UK in the near future will	
	How could I contribute?		face water shortages	

		Explain the objectives of social enterprises and decisions they would make in a similar organisation.
Suggested activities:	Resources:	Useful links:
Reintroduce students to the issues of water shortage worldwide. Show them a rainfall map of the UK and ask them if they think they live in an area likely to be affected by a drought. Explain that the UK will face water shortages if climate change continues. Share the infographic of how UK households use water and ask them if there are any reductions or efficiency ideas they can provide. How might	Rainfall map of uk (in folder) UK household water usage (in folder) Water and entrepreneurship	http://www.eatlowcarbon.org/
they implement them in their own home?	resource (in folder)	Vocabulary:
Remind students that there are already millions of people who face water shortages every year and that it is an urgent problem.	https://www.bbc.co.uk/news/uk- 47620228	Social entrepreneur / enterprise
Follow the water and entrepreneurship action aid lesson plan and activities (in folder)		
Explain to students that water shortages in the UK will get worse unless climate change if combatted. Explain the benefits of a "low carbon" diet. Challenge students to eat a low carbon diet e.g. no meat, for a week.		

	Enquiry 4: How can we	protect the World's forests?		
Links to previous	Knowledge and second order concepts	Geographical skills:	Assessment criteria:	Curriculum Links:
learning				
	Substantive knowledge:		Can your children:	Horizontal:
	(What the children should know.)			
Rainforest		Locational Knowledge	Explain why forests are	
biomes from Y4	Why are forests under threat?	Locational Miomedge	threatened	Vertical:
	What are the potential solutions?	Place Knowledge:	Explain the impacts of	
			deforestation, including	
	How do forests help fight climate change?		habitat loss and climate	
			change	

What is forest stewardship and sustainable management?		Design and plan a forest conservation scheme	
Suggested activities:	Resources:	Useful links:	
Reintroduce the issues affecting Forests using the "our forest slides" (in folder)	Sustainable forest management	https://www.fsc-uk.org/	en-uk/about-fsc/what-is-fs
	UK	<u>c/fsc_videos</u>	
Conduct a classroom debate using rainforest solutions ideas (in folder)	https://www.youtube.com/watch		
	<u>?v=hrCpAE-IIq8</u>	https://www.woodlandti	rust.org.uk/blog/2018/07/
Explain the concept of sustainable forest management and follow the resources in		what-is-a-sustainable-forest/	
the "forest stewardship" pack (in folder)	Forest Stewardship pack (in	Vocabulary:	
	folder)	Sustainable forest manag	gement
	Video from that pack:		
	https://www.youtube.com/watch		
	?v=ktlxc6qtXns&feature=emb_titl		
	<u>e</u>		

	Enquiry 5: Are we all equally	responsible for climate change?		
Links to previous learning	Knowledge and second order concepts	Geographical skills:	Assessment criteria:	Curriculum Links:
Y5 Unit on trading, links to child labour and the idea of personal responsibility	Substantive knowledge: (What the children should know.) How are people in areas affected by climate change adapting to an uncertain future? Are all people equally responsible for climate change?	Locational Knowledge Place Knowledge:	Can your children: Explain that climate change will impact the people who are least responsible for it Identify that climate change is already happening	Horizontal: Vertical:
Suggested activitie	s:	Resources:	Useful links:	

Use adaptation videos to show how people in lower income countries already	Adaptation videos	
have to find personal adaptations to climate change.		
	https://www.youtube.com/watch	
Ask students to imagine a line from one side of the space to the other. Explain that	<u>?v=vbpKR1bwVcg</u>	
standing at one end of the learning space means strongly agreeing with a		
statement, and standing at the other side means strongly disagreeing with the	https://www.youtube.com/watch	Vocabulary:
statement. The space in between is graduated between these views. Explain that	?v=3jfxgaiJawk&feature=emb_titl	Adaptation
everyone's view will fall somewhere along the line, and that there are not	<u>e</u>	
necessarily any 'right' or 'wrong' answers.		
	Oxfam education resources (in	
You might like to label one side of the space 'strongly agree' and the other 'strongly	folder)	
disagree'.		
You may want to introduce a practice statement such as 'Football is brilliant' to		
warm learners up and familiarise them with using an agreement line.		
Read out each of the statements below and allow learners to move into place.		
1) Agreement line statements:		
2) Climate change won't really affect people.		
3) Everyone is equally responsible for climate change.		
Everyone will be impacted by climate change in the same way. Encourage		
individual learners in different positions to say a few words about why they have		
taken that position. Try to draw out what learners think about the following		
principles		
Fairness – the impacts of climate change will be felt more by those who are		
poorest and ironically the least responsible.		
Understanding of the issue – climate change is having an impact on people right		
now.		
Complete activity 2.1 and 2.3 in the Oxfam activities resources (in folder)		

	Enquiry 6: The Big debate?				
Links to previous	Knowledge and second order concepts	Geographical skills:	Assessment criteria:	Curriculum Links:	
learning					
	Substantive knowledge:		Can your children:	Horizontal:	
	(What the children should know.)				
		Locational Knowledge			

	Who is responsible for tackling climate change?		,	ertical:
		Place Knowledge:	national and	
	Who are the stakeholders and what are their perspectives?		international actors in	
			fighting climate change	
	Can we work towards a common goal?			
			Understand how	
			conflicting interests	
			might be managed for	
			a common goal	
Suggested activitie	Suggested activities:		Useful links:	
Follow the activitie	is in the "envisaging the future" resource (in folder)	"envisaging the future" resource		
Follow the activitie	is in the lenvisaging the rature resource (in rolder)			
Follow the activitie		(in folder)		
Follow the activitie				
			Vocabulary:	
			Vocabulary:	
			Vocabulary:	

Enquiry 7: What future do we want?					
Links to previous	Knowledge and second order concepts	Geographical skills:	Assessment criteria:	Curriculum Links:	
learning					
	Substantive knowledge:		Can your children:	Horizontal:	
	(What the children should know.)				
	What kind of future do I want?	Locational Knowledge	Produce an end of year project that address climate change as a complex challenge	Vertical:	
	How might this be achieved?	Place Knowledge:			
	Can I consolidate and link my learning from this year?				
Suggested activities:		Resources:	Useful links:		

Students/teacher or class representative can calculate their personal ecological impact using <u>https://footprint.wwf.org.uk/</u>	https://footprint.wwf.org.uk/ The future we want resources (in	
Students should reflect on this and the need for action. Follow the suggested activities in "the Future we want" resource in folder.	folder)	
Encourage students to incorporate everything they have learned this year: an end of year project.	Good life goals resources (in folder)	Vocabulary:
Use the "good life goals" resources (in folder) to take students back to the UN sustainable development goals they were introduced to at the beginning of the year. Ask them to reflect on these good life goals, which ones they are working towards and which they can see themselves incorporating into their own life goals. Students could complete a report, or action plan for how to help achieve their choice of "good life goal"		